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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/520,524	10/28/2005	Cuong Pham-Huu	22156-00006-US	9259
	7590 05/28/200 BOVE LODGE & HUT	EXAMINER		
1875 EYE STR		CORNO JR, JAMES A		
SUITE 1100 WASHINGTO	N, DC 20036	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			4162	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/28/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary),524	PHAM-HUU ET A	L.				
			ner	Art Unit					
		JAMES	CORNO	4162					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>28 October 2</i>	2005						
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 October 2005</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.								
3)	Since this application is in condition	<i>'</i> —		atters, prosecution as to the	e merits is				
- ,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the a	application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)🛛	6) Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are rejected.								
7)									
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or electio	n requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
9)□	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	: a) <mark>□</mark> accepted or	b)□ objected t	o by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ction to the drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction is rec	uired if the drawir	ng(s) is objected to. See 37 Cl	FR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
2) Notic 3) Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/7/2005 and 10/28/2005</u> .	PTO-948)	Paper No	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application 					

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: degree of polarity is incorrectly defined in the specification (page 7, lines 17-21). The less polar agent should be defined as having a lower dipole moment instead of a greater dipole moment.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8, 11-19, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Milone, et al. (WO 0067902 A1) in view of Grindatto, et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,427,761). Milone teaches a silicon carbide support (Milone claim 1) successively treated with an aqueous solution (paragraph 15), corresponding to "agent A" of the instant claims 1 and 18, and a palladium compound in an organic solvent such as toluene (paragraph 44), corresponding to "agent B" of the instant claims, in which the palladium compound is the "active agent precursor". Milone further teaches the thermal breakdown of this precursor (Milone claim 2). Milone fails to teach the support structural dimension limitations of the instant claims. However, Grindatto teaches a

silicon carbide structure with a specific surface area of 20 m²/g (col. 11, lines 2-4), macropores 2-5 µm in diameter, and mesopores 9-15 nm in diameter (col. 6, lines 56-68), for use as a catalyst support structure (col. 1, lines 8-12). These structural specifications fall within the ranges of the instant claims. Since Grindatto specifically mentions the use of these supports in exhaust systems, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use them with Milone's impregnation methods for the stated purpose of catalyzing carbon monoxide.

Regarding claims 2-5, Milone teaches the use of an organo-metallic palladium compound (Pd(acac)₂) in toluene.

Regarding claims 6-8 and 19, Grindatto teaches a silicon carbide foam with a specific surface area of 20 m²/g, which falls within the ranges of the instant claims.

Regarding claim 11, Milone teaches a drying step after the impregnation (Milone claim 2).

Regarding claim 12, Milone teaches an aqueous solution treatment, which constitutes an introduction of hydrophilic functions on the surface of the support.

Regarding claims 13 and 17, Milone teaches a calcination step under air at 400° C (paragraph 44), thereby oxidizing the palladium.

Regarding claims 14-16, Milone teaches a heated reduction treatment under H₂ (paragraph 44).

Claims 1, 9-10, 18, and 20-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Milone in view of Dubots (U.S. Patent No. 5,217,930). Milone

teaches all limitations of claims 1 and 18 except for the structural dimension limitations, as described above. However, Dubots teaches a silicon carbide structure with a specific area of 30 m²/g and a group of pores with an average diameter of 100 nm (col. 7, lines 46-52) for use as a catalyst support structure (col. 1, lines 17-26). These structural specifications fall within the ranges of the instant claims. Since Dubots specifically mentions the use of these supports in exhaust systems, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use them with Milone's impregnation methods for the stated purpose of catalyzing carbon monoxide.

Regarding claims 9-10 and 20-21, Dubots teaches a group of pores with a mean diameter of 100 nm, which falls within the range of the instant claims.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JAMES CORNO whose telephone number is (571)270-5829. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 9:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jennifer McNeil can be reached on 571-272-1540. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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/JAMES CORNO/ Examiner, Art Unit 4162

/Jennifer McNeil/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 4162